Semi-Weekly Globe.

WM. LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor.
A. TYHURST, Associate Editor.

TERMS.—"THE GLOBE" is published twice a week at $1.50 a year—75 cents for six months—50 cents for three months—*in advance.*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 14, 1862.



Our Flag Forever.

NOTICE.

We have not the time nor the inclination, to dun personally, a large number of persons who have unsettled accounts upon our books of several years standing. We shall, therefore, from day to day, without respect to persons, place into the hands of a Justice for collection, all accounts of over two years standing. All those who wish to save expense, will do well to give us a call immediately.

NEW TERMS.

All Orphans' Court printing, including Administrator's and Executor's Notices, all Auditor's Notices, occasional advertisements, &c., must hereafter be paid for in advance.

Executors and Administrators owing us at present, will please come forward and settle.

The Union Democrats.

We watched the course of these gentlemen at Harrisburg during the organization of the House, and as we had no axe to grind, and think we are cool enough to decide fairly upon their conduct, we intend to say a few words about it. We believe, after looking at the whole proceedings, that they *did exactly right.* They first secured the election of John Rowe, Union Democrat, for Speaker. Having secured this, they believed no obstacle existed to a unanimous organization of the House, and surely every good citizen will say that such a spectacle in these troublous times would have exerted great influence for good, both in this State and beyond it. We want a united effort by a united people *for the Country,* and the men who will stop to squabble about the mere loaves and [illegible] contractors and other leeches, and not in any of our legislative bodies. So far then as legislation for the country could be influenced by the choice of officers, a man was selected for Speaker who has always been a Democrat, twice elected as a Democrat to the Legislature, once as Surveyor General of the State, again the nominee of the Democratic party for the same position; now again elected as a Union Democrat to the Legislature—a man conceded to be honest and able; one whom we heard straight Democrats say they were willing to vote for with the Union Democrats. It was further proposed that the remaining officers of the House should be so distributed that the Republicans should select the Doorkeeper, the Postmaster, and two Transcribing Clerks. Now, as there was no *principle* to be sacrificed in voting for Mr. Rowe, the only officer whose action could influence the legislation of the session, was it not reasonable for the Union Democrats to expect the Democratic caucus to accept this proposal? But to the surprise of everybody *they rejected it.* When we say everybody, we mean everybody away from Harrisburg, for such a hungry crowd of office seekers as congregated there, it has never been our lot to look upon before. But the Union Democrats, it so happened, although a small body, were men who could stand a pressure. They did stand under fire and they did it nobly. It was soon understood that neither party drill, denunciation, nor coaxing would get them away from their determination to stand up for the Union sentiment which sent them as Representatives. Having secured a Speaker in whose patriotism they had confidence, in whose Democracy the Democratic caucus had faith enough to have voted for him with the Union Democrats alone, they could not be made to understand how any peculiar mode of opening the door of the hall, or of carrying the mail bag up and down the hill, could seriously affect the Democratic party, or the action of the Legislature. In justifying the action of the Democratic caucus, we expect to see this clearly pointed out. We are only an editor and can't see it, but, of course, the wisdom of the Members of the Democratic caucus did, and unless the magical influence of the Doorkeeper and Postmaster makes them all Republicans before Spring, we may expect to see it fully elucidated. Beware of those omnipotent functionaries, the Doorkeeper and Postmaster, ye scrupulous Democrats!

The Democratic caucus having refused to co-operate in a unanimous organization of the House, the question was left to the Union Democrats, "shall we factiously act by ourselves, waste public time and money by delaying an organization of the House. or shall we, if the Republicans will vote for Mr. Rowe, elect him, distribute the minor offices, organize the House, and proceed at once to business?"—They determined it was their duty to do the latter, and they did it. *They did right.* The disappointed office-seekers grumbled, the people will approve. The impression produced by the course of the Union Democrats is a happy one. It is not that of *party* on either side. It is not that party is to be *forever* blotted out, but that it is to be held subservient for the present to the great interests of the country.—We may say further, that their *independent* action gave everybody to understand that the *corruptions* of office or place, should and would receive no quarter, let them fasten themselves on what persons, and what party they may. We have good hopes of the present Legislature from this beginning, and trust we may not be disappointed.

Organization of the House.

A great many conflicting statements have appeared as to the preliminary caucuses and organization of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg. We were there, and from what we saw, and learned from reliable sources, we believe that the following is a correct report of the proceedings.

The Union Democrats and Union Republicans desired to effect a unanimous organization of the House, and for that purpose met in a conference. Both parties disavowed giving it the character of a binding party caucus. The Union Democrats claimed to designate the Speaker, and named John Rowe, of Franklin; and after a discussion this was conceded to them. After this it was agreed that the Union Democrats should confer with the straight Democrats, and the Union Republicans with the straight Republicans, to ascertain whether they would respectively support Mr. Rowe, and whether a distribution of the minor offices could be so arranged as to secure a unanimous organization.

During the sitting of the Union Conference, and before it was known what they had agreed upon, the Democratic caucus had appointed a committee consisting of Messrs. Kaine, Banks, Neiman, Gaskill and Peters, to confer with the Union Democrats. The Union Democrats appointed as a committee to meet them, Messrs. Scott, Worley and Gross.

The committee of the Democratic caucus proposed to organize by adopting Mr. Rowe as Speaker, giving to the Republicans the Doorkeeper and [illegible] Transcribing Clerks, the remaining offices to be filled by Democrats. This proposal was to be reported both to the Democratic caucus and the Union Conference by the respective committees, for rejection or approval. It was so reported, and was understood to have been discussed at great length and with considerable animation in the Union Conference. Mr. Banks, it was stated, advocated it with considerable warmth and ability in the Democratic caucus. Before the Union Conference decided upon it, however, the Democratic caucus rejected it, and informed the Union men of their action.

The Republican caucus had approved Mr. Rowe as Speaker, and sent a proposal through the Union Republicans for the remaining part of the organization. This was discussed and modified, and no final conclusion was arrived at on Monday night, and all the bodies adjourned at a late hour, the straight Democrats having made all their caucus nominations, and the straight Republicans part of theirs.—The Union Conference met again on Tuesday morning, and the whole effort was likely to fail, over the difficulty about the Chief Clerk, which was not adjusted when the House met for organization. Mr. Rowe was elected Speaker. The difficulty about the Chief Clerk still continued, and was not ended satisfactorily to all the Union Democrats, but enough of them finally voted for Mr. Rouch to elect him.—Two of them, Mr. Scott and Worley, of Lancaster, voted against him, and we learn they did so upon grounds which, if it was necessary to say anything about, they would be satisfactory to every *honest* man.

The remaining offices were distributed among the Republicans and Union men, and were elected by their votes, the Democrats voting for their own caucus nominees.

DISGRACEFUL.—E. H. Rouch, elected Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, is a Captain of a volunteer company now in the service of the United States. To us, it seems that a man who can desert his Country's flag to serve in a political office, is not a very strong Union man—not a very safe man in any position. With him it was party before country. The act is mean enough for a simon-pure traitor to be guilty of. "Uncle Jake" was not in exactly the same shape—he *was* Colonel of a Regiment, but all of his companies were taken from him, and he was left out in the cold—with the privilege of securing an election as Chief Clerk, if he could, but he couldn't, the "fishy" Democrats having been rejected, and the straight-outs being short a few votes. We hope soon to hear that "Uncle Jake" is again with the "boys."

Party Bitterness.

We had hoped that former party bitterness, which has too often interfered with proper and honest legislation, would for a time at least be set aside by the servants of the people now at Harrisburg. But we witnessed enough last week to satisfy us that until the people are more careful in electing their Senators and Representatives, *corruptions* will never cease.—We met gentlemen there who were very conservative at home—gentlemen who thought it very proper during the contest for an election to quiet party jealousies, but who, as soon as they are placed in power, forget their promises to the people, and join hands again with the corrupt politicians who have brought upon the country our present troubles. Party bitterness does not alone exist in the Democratic party as represented at Harrisburg. A majority of the Republicans there are just as bitter and proscriptive. The *leaders*—the corrupt drill-masters of both parties—are ever on the look-out, and he who refuses to follow their lead in party drill or corruptions, is denounced as a "*fishy*" Democrat, or "*fishy*" Republican. We know that an honest Republican was defeated for an office because he dared to denounce the rascalities of the Republicans and Democrats who were engaged in the horse speculations in this county. Senators and ex-Senators, inspectors and sub-contractors, were all interested alike to defeat him. A Republican who exercises the right to denounce the corrupt leaders of his party, is denounced and forced to occupy a back seat when he submits his claims to a caucus of his party, such as generally assemble at Harrisburg. The Democratic leaders act upon the same principle. If an honest Democrat is elected to the Legislature, he must either submit to the dictation of old party hacks, or be denounced as an enemy to his party. He must go into caucus to be instructed in the rascalities of party—if he refuses, the leaders and their organs deny him the right to call himself a Democrat. The two extremes—the Democratic and the Republican organizations—now at Harrisburg, we fear, will prove a curse to their parties and to the country. The *spoils* are the first contest, and if we may judge from what we have already witnessed, how to deceive the people in the future, will monopolize most of the attention of the majority of the organizations that should be given to the country.—But, thanks to the independent voters of both parties, there are a few honest men in the Legislature who will not be led by the nose by the old [illegible] of either party. They were elected to serve the people—to legislate for the country—to purge the Halls of our Legislature of the corruptions which have too often disgraced us as a State—*and not to serve party.*—We have confidence in their integrity, and we ask for them the confidence of the people.

IT IS amusing to read the lectures of a few would-be organs of the Democratic party. But a little more than a year ago, they were sustaining with all their ability, the organization that repudiated regular Democratic nominations, and supported for President the traitor Breckinridge. Yes, they went farther; they defended Breckinridge until he had made safe his landing in the rebel army. And they go still farther; they claim to be Democrats and good Union men, but to deceive, while at every opportunity offering, they attempt to chill the patriotism of the true Union men. Such organs can never re-organize the Democratic party. They, with the leaders who have ruined the party, and who are again attempting to lead it, must be forced to a back seat before the party can again enjoy the confidence of a majority of the voters of Pennsylvania. They may gratify their hatred of Union Democrats by denunciation as much as they please, but they will discover that they are too well known to be successful in any future attempt to deceive and mislead honest Democratic voters.

☞ We do not know what is the object of the Administration in being so lenient with traitors, and their studied efforts to save the lives of the rebels that come into our possession as prisoners, unless it is with the hope, by the kindness and forbearance on the part of the Government, of bringing these misguided men to see the folly of their mad career, and their speedy and voluntary return to their allegiance to the Government. Perhaps the Government may accomplish its end for time, but we are decidedly opposed to the plan. Although we are averse, and abhor the idea of taking the life of our fellow man as a general principle, yet, in this case we are in favor of neither sparing the life or limbs of those traitors who are in armed rebellion against the Union and the Constitution. By sparing their lives now, this struggle will surely come upon us again in less than one generation. This declaration may seem cruel, but we deem it the most humane course we can adopt, unless we want future generations to go through the same trying ordeal that we are now passing through. Let us forever and eternally settle it now, by making way, by some means, of the ingrates who seek to make slaves of us all, and hand down this government to posterity unbroken and unimpaired.

An Advance.

The people are becoming impatient for an advance. The differences of opinion in regard to it are as numerous as "the cattle upon a thousand hills." Some say that our commander-in-chief, the President, desires to starve the rebels out by delay, causing them to be clothed in rags, and subsist on less than half rations, which will ultimately bring them into submission. Others say that the control of the army is entirely in the hands of General McClellan, which we believe to be the case. We do not entertain the idea that Gen. McClellan would hold a subordinate position in the management of our army. However, be that as it may, the people are becoming almost desperate at the seeming inactivity, and nothing will satisfy them now, but an advance. We confess we would like to see an advance as well as anybody else, and get almost impatient sometimes at the dilatory measures adopted by the leaders of our forces, but on a sober second thought, we see the utter folly and absurdity of civilians dictating to military genera. We have the greatest confidence in our brave young commander, and feel assured that he knows his own business best, and whenever he is ready he will move, and not before. When that period arrives, woe be to domestic treason, for the blow will fall heavily upon its hydra-head. McClellan will never move until he is confident of a glorious victory. It may be very soon and it may not be for months—it may cost us millions of money and cause Northern blood to flow like rivers of water, but what is that compared to the blessings guaranteed to us by a free and independent Government?

Wellington was subjected to the taunts and jeers of the people for his delay and seeming inactivity, whilst engaged with a sister power, but he heeded them not, and struck just when he was ready, and was victorious.—Then the people saw at once, the wisdom displayed by their commander, whom they had "laughed to scorn."—Gen. Scott was three weeks taking a certain point in Mexico, when he could have taken it in three days with a loss of three thousand men, and the people were dissatisfied, but after the point was taken, and the victory won, they saw the wisdom in the old General's plan, for he lost but three hundred men. So it is with Gen. McClellan, he is not going to strike before he is ready, and then it will be with the loss of as few men as possible, and a sure and triumphant victory will be his.—We repeat we are as anxious for a fight [illegible] do let the Commander take his time [illegible] to it. We do not want any more Bull Run affairs. [illegible] had enough of such battles. We want Port Royal and Hilton Head results when we move, and if the people will only let McClellan alone—for all he wants is to be "let alone"—until he is ready, and then we feel assured he will make up for all this seeming dilatoriness. We do not suppose he listens to the clamorings of civilians and politicians, but let him alone, for he might possibly be entrapped into a forward movement before he is altogether ready.

COMPLIMENTARY.—Jas. D. Campbell, Captain of Company D, 49th Regiment P. V., Col. Irwin, having arrived home on Sunday morning, on a short visit to his friends, the following correspondence took place on Monday morning, between him and a party of his friends, tendering him a public supper. The Captain was among the first to respond to his country's call, and this slight token of esteem is but a just tribute to his patriotism. He is a brave man and a good soldier, and his many friends appreciate his services in the present crisis:—

HUNTINGDON, Jan. 13, 1862.

Capt. J. D. CAMPBELL:—*Dear Sir:*—Your friends here, appreciating your services to the country in the present crisis, beg you to name an evening when they shall tender you the honor of a public supper at the Exchange Hotel. It will afford them much pleasure to extend to you a warm social greeting.

Accept the assurance of our consideration, and believe us,

Very truly yours,

R. Milton Speer,	J. H. O. Corbin,
P. M. Lytle,	A. Tyhurst,
J. G. Camp,	Thomas Jackson,
A. B. Cunningham,	R. B. Petrikin,
Wm. Colon,	G. W. Garrettson,
W. C. Wagoner,	H. T. White,
	Edm. Snare,

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Jan. 14, 1862.

GENTLEMEN:—Your kind note of yesterday has just been placed in my hands.

I can command no language adequate to express the feelings which were produced by this evidence of your regard, and I shall ever be sensible of the distinguished honor you thus do me. I cannot permit myself to believe that I deserve personally, such a marked expression of your favor, but, shall rather regard it as an indication of the deep interest which you feel in the cause in which I have the honor to be an humble actor.

It will be a pleasure, which will be remembered to the latest day of my life, to be your guest on Thursday evening next.

Permit me, gentlemen, to renew to each of you the assurance of my most distinguished consideration, and to subscribe myself,

Your obliged friend and
Very humble servant,
J. D. CAMPBELL.

To R. M. Speer, Wm. C. Wagoner, J. H. O. Corbin, and others.

DIARIES FOR 1862.—Several sizes received and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

SHORT LOCALS.—There are three things extremely hard—steel, a diamond, and to know one's self.——Court commenced in this place yesterday.——Hons. John Scott and S. S. Wharton were in town on Sunday.——Hon. Samuel Calvin lectured in the Court House on Saturday evening, before the Shakspeare Club.——We learn that our friend Pot, of the *Standard*, was in Harrisburg last week. Wonder what he was after? The *Whig* says he went down to see his uncle Andy.——An oyster saloon is being fitted up in the basement story of the Franklin House.——Two or three distinct claps of thunder were heard in this vicinity on Saturday night, and a streak of greased lightning flashed over us. Rain fell in torrents.——"Everybody and his wife" were out sleighing last week, but us. No matter about us, however, as we are only a poor printer, boo, hoo, hoo, hoo.——Any of our delinquent country friends who may be in town and have a little spare change along, will please step up to the Captain's office and leave the amount of their indebtedness with us. Our latch-string will be found on the outside of the door at all hours. Step up, gentlemen, we will be pleased to see you.——Our friend Nash, of the *American*, entered upon his duties as County Treasurer yesterday. We predict that John will make a popular and efficient officer. Mr. White, the retiring Treasurer, filled the office to the satisfaction of all parties. He returns to the practice of the law.——"Happles not bigger nor heggs," and half rotten into the bargain, sell for a cent a piece in this place.——The Danville *Intelligencer* says that a cow in that vicinity committed suicide last week. Horrible, isn't it, when cows get to hanging themselves. Wonder if she was disappointed in a "little matter of love," as that is the most fashionable and romantic way of ending matrimonial affairs.——Locals are about as scarce as hen teeth, or June bugs in January.

LARGE BUSINESS.—While in the Pa. R. R. Co.'s office at this place a short time since, we happened to look over the shoulder of our friend Wharton (which by the way, is not very good manners) as he was making out his monthly report, and noticed that the receipts for the month amounted to over $30,000. We had no idea before that the business at this place was near so large, but it is a fact. It must require an enormous amount of labor to transact so large a business, yet it is all done by Mr. Harry Wharton, the gentlemanly, obliging and attentive agent, and Mr W. W. Gaither, his prompt and efficient assistant.

Don't [illegible] Court House [illegible] have done their "big licks" in preparing it, and from what we know, it will be a tip top affair. You can be accommodated with almost any luxury you can name or your appetite craves. We expect to see "everybody" there to-night. The ladies will take pleasure in waiting upon all who desire to patronize them. Remember, it is for a good and holy cause.

☞ By a card in another column, it will be seen that our young legal friend, J. H. O. Corbin, Esq., has stuck out his "shingle." He can be found in the office occupied by S. S. Wharton and R. McDivitt, two doors east of Wilson & Petrikin's. Give him a call.

☞ The Governor's Message and State Treasurer's Report, were issued in an extra to our patrons last week, in advance of all other country publishers west of Harrisburg.

THANKS.—Hon. L. W. Hall has our thanks for a copy of his speech on taking the chair of the Senate, and Hons. John Scott and S. S. Wharton for copies of the Governor's Message.

Acknowledgments.

Since the date of last acknowledgment, Nov. 29, 1861, the ladies of the Soldiers' Aid of Huntingdon, have received the following contributions.—Another list will follow, as room can be found to publish:

From Mrs. Lydia Reed, Penn tp., comfortable, socks, 4 lbs. butter, can of apple butter and tow for wiping guns.

From Miss Mary Read, Penn tp., 1 pr. stockings, writing paper, envelops, bundle soft linen and muslin, magazines, tracts and ½ bushel dried apples.

From Miss Lydia Read, Penn tp., can tomatoes and can preserved pears.

Wm. E. Read, Penn tp., books and papers.

Mrs. Rebecca Corbett, Juniata tp., feather pillow, 2 husk cushions, dried corn, blackberries, grapes, elderberries and apples.

Miss E. Flenner, Smithfield, raspberry wine, jelly and dried apples.

Mrs. Andrew Decker, Henderson tp., dried apples.

Mrs. Martha Collins, Shirleysburg, blanket.

Miss Emiline Chilcott, Union tp., towels and pocket handkerchiefs.

Mrs. Wm. Chilcott, Union tp., ½ bu. dried apples.

Mrs. James Sloan, Henderson tp., 10 quarts dried corn.

From Shade Gap, Huntingdon co., Dec. 19.

Mrs. Elizabeth Appleby, 1 pr. woolen stockings.

Mrs. Sarah Shearer, 1 pr. do.
" C. D. Shearer, 1 pr. do.
" Rody, 1 pr. do.
" Nanny Robinson, 2 prs. do.
Miss Eliza Harper, 1 pr. do.
" Elizabeth Gifford, 1 pr. do.
" Margaret Waggoner, 1 pr. do.
" Rachel Rouse, 1 pr. do.

Also yarn from Mrs. Mary A. Wilson, Mrs. Agnes Harper, Mrs. Faremen, Mrs. Amanda Stitt, Mrs. Polly Stitt, Mrs. E. Jeffries, Mrs. Mary Jane Harper and Miss E. Felmlee.

From McConnellstown, Huntingdon co., Dec. 19.

Mrs. Wilson Watson, elderberry wine, needles, pins, thread, buttons, towels and tomatoes.

Mrs. John Vandevander, quilt and pillows.

Mrs. Ward, quilt, towels, pillows, sheet and money.

Mrs. Bumgardner, quilt, sheet, towels, pillows, canned fruit, herbs and new muslin.

Mrs. Phineas Green, dried fruit, chickens and crackers.

Mrs. Henry Swoope, chickens and pillows.

Mrs. Peter Speck, money, chickens and dried fruit.

Mrs. Simon Coulter, apple butter, dried fruit and butter.

Mrs. John Grove, dried fruit and chickens.

Mrs. Abraham Grubb, blanket and pillows.

Mrs. Henry Peightal, apple butter, sheet and dried fruit.

Mrs. James Lloyd, dried fruit.
" John Watson, canned fruit.
" George Lang, do.
Widow Lubprost, do.
Mrs. John Robb, chickens.
" Alexander Norris, chickens.
" Daniel Protzman, comfortable, pillows, pillow cases, pocket handkerchiefs, bags dried fruit, herbs, sheets, jelly and money.

Mrs. John Shoob, money and tin cans.

Mrs. Joseph McCoy, chickens and canned fruit.

Mrs. Samuel Peightal, chickens and butter.

Mrs. James Hall, canned and dried fruit.

Mrs. Mary Shriner, sheets, pillow cases, towels and dried fruit.

Mrs. Eliza Simpson, handkerchiefs, papers and canned fruit.

Mrs. Abraham States, quilt, pillow cases and rags.

Mrs. George Long, canned fruit.
" John Coulter, canned and dried fruit.

Mrs. Daniel Kyper, chickens, money and canned fruit.

Mrs. Wm. Lincoln, chickens and dried fruit.

Mrs. John Johnston, can of fruit.
" Moses Hamer, canned and dried fruit and money.

Mrs. Jas. Watson, canned and dried fruit.

Mr. Douglass, lot of crackers.
" Cunningham Martin, apple butter and dried fruit.

Mrs. Strouse, Mr. and Mrs. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Freaker, Mr. and Mrs. Heffner, Mr. Thos. Moore, Mr. Isaac Snyder, Mr. Henry Snyder, Dr. Orlady, Miss Martha Lloyd, all gave money.

The amount of money received above $3 25, which was used in part payment of the freight on the box which was sent Dec. 21st, "from the ladies of McConnellstown, Pa.," to Doctor Bell, President of the Sanitary Commission, Louisville, Ky.

Our Army Correspondence.

HANCOCK, Jan. 7, 1862.

RESPECTED FRIEND:—I take this method to inform you that I am well and in good spirits. We left Harris-[illegible]ing about 3 o'clock. We stayed there all that day, and encamped that night about a mile from Hagerstown. We struck tents about 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, formed in a line, marched about 15 miles, and then pitched our tents in the woods, where we expected to encamp for the night. Just as we got our tents pitched and were ready for supper, orders came to strike tents, as we had to go to Hancock, for they were fighting there. We formed into line, and took up the march for Hancock. We arrived there about eleven o'clock on Saturday night. The way the fight commenced was, Colonel Murray's men had crossed over the river and took possession of a place called Bath, about six miles from Hancock, but they were too weak for the enemy, and had to retreat across the river, as there were only about four companies of them, and three companies of the 39th Illinois Regiment against 8,000 of the rebels. On Sunday morning we were called out and marched back of the town, ready for any emergency, as the rebel Colonel came across the river with a flag of truce and gave the citizens four hours to leave the town, as he said he would shell it in that time. We got our arms and ammunition. About 1 o'clock, they commenced to throw shells into the town, so our men opened upon them. The first shell that was thrown over scattered them; they rallied again and kept up the firing until about four o'clock, and then the rebel Colonel gave us an hour and a quarter to surrender. The General commanding the post sent him word that he had 200 men who would fight him for a week, and he would never surrender until he was forced to. In the morning the rebels were planting their batteries about two miles from the town, upon the top of a hill. As quick as the artillery got sight of them, they opened upon them. The first shell that was thrown bursted right in amongst them, which caused them to scatter in every direction.—The artillery kept up the firing about four hours; the rebels never got a chance of returning a single shot.—About 3 o'clock they came over with a flag of truce, and asked if they couldn't have time to bury their dead, as they said there were fifteen of their men killed. There were none killed on our side. Colonel Murray lost one man during his retreat to Hancock, and he was drowned. Our men are in good health and spirits, and ready for action any time. I must bring my letter to a close as we have a great deal of drilling to do.

Yours respectfully, C. S. A.

HANCOCK, Md., Jan. 8, 1862.

FRIEND LEWIS:—In order to satisfy the craving appetites of our friends at home, we hope that a few lines from a soldier boy of the 110th Regiment will find a small space in the columns of the good old *Globe*, especially, since we have reached Dixie's Land, and, as the old saying is, "smelt powder"—not only smelt it, but was placed in the field in battle ranks, while the cannon balls were falling all around us.—But we guess the Juniata boys never came from Camp Crosman to be scared by powder and lead. May the God of Heaven protect them.

We left Camp Curtin on Thursday evening, the 2d inst., about 8 o'clock; landed in Hagerstown at three the next morning; slept in the cars until the light of the morning; spent the day in town, and during the night we encamped at a spot one mile from town, close by the pike leading to Hancock. On Saturday morning our tents were soon stored away again in the baggage wagons, and we were soon in ranks and on our way for Hancock, a distance of some 30 miles. We crossed the mountain and pitched tents, in order to lay our wearied limbs down to rest over night. We then could hear the reports of cannon at Hancock, a distance of some 12 miles, but as we had no arms yet, and the boys being pretty tired, it was thought best to rest until morning, and enter town in the daytime. The boys were all busy; some fixing tents, some getting supper, making coffee, &c.; while others were carrying corn-fodder to sleep on; in a short time one field was completely emptied. Notwithstanding, amid all, this our Colonel received two dispatches stating that there was a battle going on at Hancock, and we should reach it by all possible speed that night, as our arms were ready for us in Hancock. So we packed up, and off we went without supper. We marched in quietness, and arrived about 1 o'clock. The firing had then ceased and we could see nothing on the rebel side except a barn on fire. We were then placed in a church to sleep and await the dawn of day; rather a hard place to sleep after marching 30 miles in one day and carrying knapsacks on our backs, (but stand it we must.) It was only good fun for the younger portion of us; but the older men were greatly fatigued. On Sunday morning we received our arms, and were placed in battle ranks, when a rebel officer brought a flag of truce over the Potomac and gave notice that all families should leave town as it would be on fire in one hour. So about three hundred women, (and children thrice that number,) all left town. We could then see the rebels; they had their cannons planted in front of the town, and as our men had some eight or ten pieces planted, the firing then commenced on both sides; and we were ready to meet them in crossing the river, but our cannons making sure work, the rebels soon disappeared.—In the evening we saw them carrying off their dead: not a man was hurt on our side. On Monday morning they again made preparations to meet us, but we soon drove them off. There are now some nine or ten thousand troops in Hancock. We are quartered in the dwelling houses, the families having all fled to the country. I cannot estimate the number of rebels, (it was Johnson's force.) Gen'ls Banks and Kelly are now coming in behind them, so we'll give them grape shot. I will let you hear in our next the result.

I am requested to say by the officers of Captain Benner's company, that all men who left Camp Curtin, and those who went with leave and did not return according to promise, will rejoin their company immediately, as they are now considered deserters and marked so on pay rolls, and if sent for, will be treated as such without respect to persons. More anon.

Yours with respect, [illegible]

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8, 1862.

The payment of the army having fairly commenced, all speculation outside of Congress assumes a dicker-and-barter shape, of a local character.

The "squatter merchants" complain of the dullness of trade. The soldiers, as a general thing, are very sensibly beginning to realize the fact that the Government rations are more conducive to their health than the luxuries provided by sutlers' stores, and the consequence is that their families will reap the advantage. The facilities provided by the Federal and the different State Governments for sending the soldiers' pay to their families have been attended with most beneficial effects.

Within the past few days, large quantities of liquors have been seized by the guards at the Long and Chain bridges. It was disguised in various ways, but failed to pass the scent of the officers of the guard. Two or three well-known drinking houses in the city have been visited by the provost general, and liquors valued at three or four thousand dollars destroyed.

The desertions from the rebel ranks are multiplying every day. Some ten or twelve are reported since yesterday morning. Some of them are sent to Washington and released on parole.—This is thought to be a bad move, as some of them are, no doubt, unscrupulous enough to gain all the information they can, and make their way back into the enemy's lines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—An attempt was last night made to blow up the Mansion House, in Alexandria. The building, which is the largest in that city, situated on Fairfax street, above King, was formerly occupied as a hotel, but since the Bull Run fight has been used by the Government as a hospital. It appears that a barrel had been secreted in the cellar, filled with powder and projectiles, and a fuse was found extending from it to the stable. In proximity to the the combustibles, lucifer matches and Chinese crackers had been plentifully distributed. The fuse end at the stable had actually been ignited; but this fact was fortunately discovered by the guard, and the progress of the slow fire arrested. But for this watchfulness and prompt action, not only would several hundred lives probably have been lost, but other casualties resulted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Secession Senators from Missouri, Trusten Polk and Waldo P. Johnson, were expelled to-day, without a dissenting vote.

Smithson, the broker of this city, who has been arrested and sent to Fort Lafayette, is found to have communicated to the rebels full plans by which they might capture Washington. He had also given them full information as to the number of troops, and the position and strength of the forts constructed for its defence, the number of their guns, &c.

WALL PAPER.—A handsome stock of next year's styles has been received at Lewis' Book Store, direct from the manufactory in New York.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of John B. Frazier administrator of James T. Wilson, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Miles & Dorris, on Friday, the 27th day of December, at ten o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested will present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
WILLIAM DORRIS, Jr.,
Huntingdon, Dec. 10, 1861.–3w. *Auditor.*

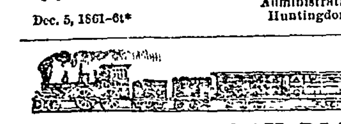
AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of John B. Frazier, administrator of William I. Wilson, dec'd, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Miles & Dorris, on Friday, the 27th day of December at ten o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested, will present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
WILLIAM DORRIS, Jr.,
Huntingdon, Dec. 10, 1861.–3w. *Auditor.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

[*Estate of Andrew Allison, dec'd.*]

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Andrew Allison, late of Cambria county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment.
AMANDA E. ALLISON
Administratrix.
Dec. 5, 1861–6t* Huntingdon, Pa.



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
MAIL.	FAST LINE.	EXPRESS. THROUGH	STATIONS.	THROUGH EXPRESS.	FAST LINE.	MAIL.
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
11 50	7 01	......	Newton Hamilton,	......	......	9 47
12 00	7 08	6 25	Mt. Union,	11 50	......	9 39
12 18	7 21	......	Mill Creek,	......	......	9 24
12 37	7 35	6 51	Huntingdon,	11 23	5 01	9 12
12 55	7 48	7 05	Petersburg,	11 08	......	8 58
1 05	......	......	Barree,	......	......	8 50
1 13	8 03	7 20	Spruce Creek,	10 55	......	8 42
1 33	......	......	Birmingham,	......	......	8 27
1 43	8 25	7 43	Tyrone,	10 30	......	8 18
1 55	......	......	Tipton,	10 19	......	8 08
2 01	......	......	Fostoria,	......	......	8 03
2 07	......	8 03	Bell's Mills,	10 10	......	7 59
2 25	8 55	8 20	Altoona,	9 55	3 40	7 45
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

On and after Monday, Dec. 2d, 1861, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS,

Leave Huntingdon at 7.30 A. M. & 4.10 P. M.
" Saxton " 9.50 A. M. & 6.10 P. M.
Arrive at Hopewell " 10.15 A. M.

DOWN TRAINS,

Leave Hopewell at 10.35 A. M.
" Saxton " 11.10 A. M. & 6.30 P. M.
Arrive at Huntingdon 1.10 P. M. & 8.30 P. M.
J. J. LAWRENCE,
Dec. 3, 1861. Supt.

A. B. CUNNINGHAM!

NEW STORE!

AND

NEW GOODS!

AT

GOTTO'S OLD STAND.

WHERE EVERY ARTICLE

USUALLY CALLED FOR IN A COUNTRY STORE,

CAN BE HAD

AT REDUCED PRICES.

CALL ON A. B. CUNNINGHAM

BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

Huntingdon, Nov. 18, 1861.

NEW NATIONAL LOAN.

Seven and Three-Tenths Per Cent.

TREASURY NOTES,

NOW READY FOR DELIVERY AT THE OFFICE

OF

JAY COOKE & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 114 South Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, the Subscription Book to the NEW NATIONAL LOAN of Treasury Notes, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum, will remain open at my office,

NO. 114 S. THIRD STREET,

until further notice, from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M., and on Mondays till 9 P. M.

These notes will be of the denomination of FIFTY DOLLARS, ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and are all dated 19th of August, 1861, payable in gold, in three years, or convertible into a twenty years' six per cent. loan, at the option of the holder. Each Treasury Note has interest coupons attached, which can be cut off and collected in gold at the Mint every six months, and at the rate of one cent per day on each fifty dollars.

Payments of subscriptions may be made in Gold or Checks, or Notes of any of the Philadelphia Banks.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE can remit by their friends, through the mail, or by express, or through Banks, and the Treasury Notes will be immediately delivered, or sent to each *subscriber as they may severally direct.*

Parties remitting must add the interest from 19th of August, the date of all the notes, to the day the remittance reaches Philadelphia, at the rate of one cent per day on each fifty dollars.

Apply to or address
JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
Care of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers,
No. 114 South Third Street, Philadelphia.
Oct. 7, 1861.

ANCIENT JERUSALEM,

A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL

ISOMETRICAL PICTURE

OF

JERUSALEM

And the Sacred Places Surrounding the HOLY CITY,

AS THEY APPEARED IN ANCIENT TIMES.

The above work is commended to the favorable notice of clergymen, and those having charge of Sunday-schools, Bible-classes, and public institutions.

It is about 9 feet long and 6 feet wide, colored and varnished, and mounted on canvas with rollers.

It has been constructed from the most reliable and authentic sources, and will be found an invaluable aid to those engaged in lecturing on the Holy Land, or in imparting instruction to school classes on the subject to which it refers.

It aims to give an exact idea of the city as it appeared in ancient times. It is taken as a "bird's eye" or "balloon" view, the beholder being, in imagination, placed at a considerable elevation, so as to take a comprehensive *view of the city and the whole country for some distance* around.

The view is accompanied with an Outline Key, in which the different localities are numbered, and a Descriptive Manual containing all the information necessary to enable one to use the view to advantage in teaching or lecturing.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL TIMES.

This is a Weekly Religious Paper, published at the very low price of ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. It is designed for *Parents, Teachers,* and all who are engaged or interested in the religious training of the young. It is also an excellent Family Paper.

A portion of the *Sunday-School Times* is occupied with Narratives and other matter particularly interesting to *young persons.* Teachers will find in it much that they will like to read to their classes—interesting matter prepared to their hands, and such as they cannot find elsewhere. For the same reasons, members of Bible-classes, and the older scholars generally, will be greatly benefited by the perusal of this paper.

The *Sunday-School Times* has every week a report of the choicest matter, selected from the Noon Prayer Meetings, which are so interesting to all classes of Christians.

Besides a large amount of general religious intelligence, the *Sunday-School Times* contains all the most recent Sunday-school news. It reports all the important Conventions of Sunday-school teachers. It discusses the questions which most interest and perplex teachers and parents, respecting the various methods of Religious Training for the young, the means of gaining the attention and affections of children and especially of securing their conversion and bringing them to Christ. The subject of Mission-Schools for cities, and of Sunday-school missionary work for the interior, is thoroughly canvassed. Indeed, there is hardly a topic of practical importance to any who are interested in the subject of religious education, which is not here brought under consideration from week to week.

The conductors of this paper endeavor to remember, that the great end of all Christian effort is *to bring men to Christ.* They aim accordingly, to put into every number of the paper something which shall have for its direct object the conversion of souls.

SPECIAL OFFER.

The proprietors of the *Sunday-School Times* have acquired the exclusive right of sale of the splendid work mentioned above the MAP OF ANCIENT JERUSALEM, offer it as a special premium to those superintendents, teachers, or others, who will assist in getting new subscribers to the paper.

We offer this superb premium to any one who will send us the names of 12 new subscribers and $12 in cash.

CAUTION.

In every case, before beginning to canvass, be sure to write to us and obtain the necessary documents and instructions. These will help you greatly in prosecuting the work, and will save you many mistakes. Enclose 5 cents to pay postage. Address
PROPRIETORS OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL TIMES,
148 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

N. B.—Specimens of the *Sunday School Times,* and a copy of the Map of *Ancient Jerusalem,* may be seen at the Bookstore of WM. LEWIS, Huntingdon.
April 10, 1861.–tf.

THE largest stock of De Laines in town by FISHER & SON.

THE WAR GOES ON!

AND

D. P. GWIN

HAS JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS

FOR

FALL AND WINTER.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

Oct. 3, 1861.

CLOTHE YOURSELVES!

HIGH PRICES DEFEATED!

Now is the Time to buy Cheap Clothing!

MANUAL GUTMAN,

Respectfully inform the public generally that he has just received a large and well selected stock of fashionable

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

to which he asks the attention of all who are in want of a neat and comfortable Coat, a Vest or a pair of Pants.—His stock will bear examination, and he respectfully requests all to call and see for themselves.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing *not found in the stock on hand,* by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

A good assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.,

will also be found on hand. All of which will be sold as low, if not lower, than the same quality of goods can be had in the county.

Call at the corner of the Diamond, Long's new building.
M. GUTMAN.
Huntingdon, Sept. 19, 1861.

"THE UNION,"

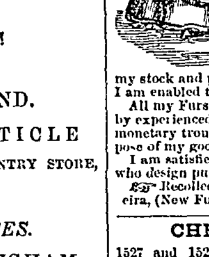
Arch Street, Above Third, Philada.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

This Hotel is central, convenient by Passenger Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the business public.

Terms, $1.50 per day.
Sept. 10, 1861.–1y.

FANCY FURS, FANCY FURS.



JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH Street, between 7th and 8th Sts.,
(*Late of 818 Market St.,*)
Philadelphia.

Importer & Manufacturer of, and Dealer in all kinds of FANCY FURS, for Ladies' Misses' and Children's Wear.

Having now manufactured and in store my usual large and beautiful assortment of all the various styles and qualities of FURS, adapted to the coming Fall and Winter Seasons, I would respectfully invite an examination of my stock and prices from those intending to purchase, as I am enabled to offer them very desirable inducements.

All my Furs have been purchased for cash, and made by experienced and competent hands, and as the present monetary troubles render it necessary that I should dispose of my goods at very small advance on cost.

I am satisfied that it will be to the interests of those who design purchasing, to give me a call.

Recollect, the name, number and street: John Fareira, (New Fur Store,) 718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE.

1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

This Institute conducted for two years past, in this city, by MADAME CHEGARAY and her niece MADAME D'HERVILLY, upon the same principles as the one in New York, established there in the year 1814, will re-open on Monday, Sept. 16th, with its usual ample and complete provision for the education of Young Ladies, under the direction of Madame D'Hervilly. Circulars, and all requisite information, can be obtained on application to the Principal.
August 13, 1861.–3m.

FOR EVERYBODY.

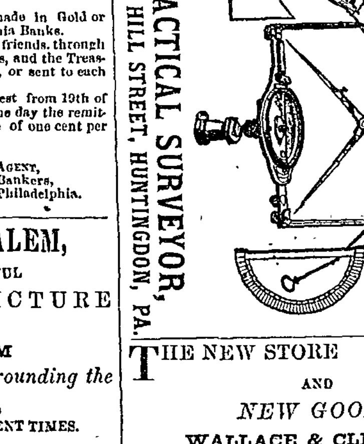
TRY THE NEW STORE,

On Hill Street opposite Carmon's Store.

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.
S. S. SMITH.
Huntingdon, May 25, 1858.



THE NEW STORE

AND

NEW GOODS.

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

Have just received another stock of new goods, such as DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &C.,

in the store room at the south-east corner of the Diamond in the borough of Huntingdon.

Their Stock has been carefully selected, and will be sold low for *cash or country produce.*
Huntingdon, April 15, 1861.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

H. T. WHITE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Jan. 2, 1861–tf.

UNION ENVELOPES AND PAPER

FOR SALE AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

WASHINGTON NOT TAKEN!!

OUR FLAG STILL WAVES.

NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!!!

At Coffee Run Station, and Newburg.

SIMON COHN has just received from the Eastern Cities, a large assortment of

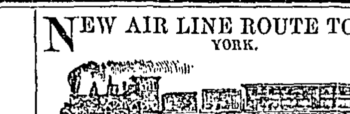
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Queensware, Hardware,
Clothing, Bonnets, Shawls,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

and all other articles kept in country stores, which he is offering at his Mammoth Stores, at Coffee Run Station and Newburg, at unusually low prices. The ladies especially, are invited to call and examine his Fancy Goods.

Having arrangements with large firms in Philadelphia and other eastern cities, he is able to buy his goods cheaper than other country merchants, and can consequently, undersell them! In exchange for goods, he takes all kinds of country produce at the highest cash prices. By strict attention to the wants of customers, he hopes to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which he has been heretofore favored.

Mr. Cohn is Agent of the Broad Top R. R. Co., at Coffee Run Station, and is prepared to ship all kinds of Grain to the Eastern markets. Having a large Ware Room, farmers can store with him until ready to ship. Every convenience will be afforded them.
August 20, 1861.

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE TO NEW YORK.



SHORTEST IN DISTANCE AND QUICKEST IN TIME

BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG VIA READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 6 A. M. arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6¾ hours between the two cities.

MAIL LINE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.30 P. M.

MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 A. M., arriving at New York at 4.30 P. M.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 P. M., arriving at New York at 9.00 P. M.

Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M., with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylvania, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroad.

All trains connect at Reading with trains for Pottsville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Mauch Chunk, Easton, &c.

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 A. M. Line from New York or the 1.15 P. M. from Harrisburg.

For beauty of scenery, and speed, comfort and accommodation, this route presents superior inducements to the traveling public.

Fare between New York and Harrisburg five dollars.—For tickets and other information apply to
J. J. CLYDE, General Agent, Harrisburg.
July 18, 1860.

STATIONERY and JEWELRY PACKAGES,

For sale to agents and dealers at very reduced rates put up in variety envelopes. For further information Address COLEMAN & CO., (Up-stairs) 802 Chestnut St., Phila.
June 4, 1861.

COAL OIL!! COAL OIL!!!

James A. Brown sells the *genuine* "PORTLAND KEROSENE," or COAL OIL, *clear as water.*

This is the only kind of oil that gives *entire satisfaction* as an agent for light.

Beware of counterfeits and colored carbon oils. They emit an offensive smell and smoke.

A large variety also of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

Chimneys, Globes, Wicks, Burners, Shades, &c., &c., sold at the very lowest prices, at the Hardware Store, Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE. J. A. HANIGAR,

A practical tobacconist, has opened a new TOBACCO STORE AND CIGAR MANUFACTORY, on Allegheny St., one door west of the Broad Top Railroad Office, where he has on hand a large assortment of prime Cigars and Tobacco, which he will sell either wholesale or retail. Storekeepers, shopkeepers, and all others who deal in the weed should call. His prices are low. Call and see.
Huntingdon, Nov. 7, 1860.

READY RECKONER.

A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

RHEUMATISM CURED.

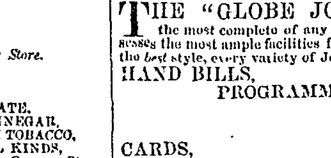
Mr. JOHN WESTBROOK, Sr., manufactures a LINIMENT which is sure to cure Rheumatism. No cure, no pay. Persons afflicted should call and try the medicine. Call at his residence in Washington street, one door west of Levi Westbrook.
Huntingdon, March 20, 1861.

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. BRANDY, H. GIN, P. WHISKEY, and Mr. LAGER BEER, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

CLOCKS, *WATCHES* and *JEWELRY* will always be repaired. A good stock of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY will be kept on hand for customers who may favor him with a call.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859. JOSEPH REIGGER.



THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
BILL HEADS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,
AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

A FRESH ARRIVAL

AT

CHRIST. LONG'S.

ALL HIS STOCK IS FRESH AND PRIME.

CALL AND SEE.

MUSIC. THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Welland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

SONGS AND BALLADS, &C.,

FOR EVERYBODY.

The Gentle Annie Melodist,
The Dime Melodist,
The Dime Song Book, No. 1,
The Dime Song Book, No. 2,
The Dime Song Book, No. 3,
The Dime Song Book, No. 4,
The Dime Song Book, No. 5,
The Dime Song Book, No. 6.
The Dime Letter Writer,
The Dime Dream Book,
The Dime Dialogues,
The Dime Speaker,
The Dime Cook Book,
The Dime Recipe Book.

For sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

ENVELOPES

Wholesale and Retail.

50.000, BEST QUALITY

WHITE, BUFF, ORANGE, YELLOW,

AND FANCY ENVELOPES,

Just received and for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, *Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables* and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 16, 1855.

WINDOW SHADES, CORDS,

TASSELS, &C.,

and BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

A handsome assortment just received and for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

JACKSON HOTEL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

GRAFFUS MILLER, *Proprietor.*

THE best Tobacco in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

G. A. MILLER,
Dealer in Groceries, Confectionaries, &c. &c.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

J. S. MILLER,
Proprietor of the Exchange Hotel.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
Founders, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, *Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.*

FISHER & SON, Dealers in Dry Goods, Grain, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

LEVI WESTBROOK,
Dealer in Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Morocco Lerther, etc.

JOSEPH REIGGER,
Watchmaker and dealer in Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JOHN F. RAMEY, County Surveyor,
Huntingdon, Pa. Office on Hill street, one door east of the Huntingdon Marble Yard.
REFERENCES—L. T. Watson, Philadelphia; J. P. Leslie, Geologist, Philadelphia; Charles Mickley, Rough and Ready Furnace, Hon. Jonathan M'Williams.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
Huntingdon, April 14, 1858. H. ROMAN.

STONE-WARE at S. S. Smith's Grocery, 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place in town.

VIOLINS,

GUITARS,

SYMPHONIANS, ACCORDEONS AND FIFES,

For sale cheap at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

POCKET TESTAMENTS,

FOR THE VOLUNTEERS,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

A LARGE STOCK ON HAND AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

BOOK BINDING.
Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential correspondence,* for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

A CARD.—
DR. D. S. HAYS offers his professional services to the inhabitants of *Mooresville and vicinity.* Office at the lower bank or Neff Mills, opposite Mrs. Myton's store.
April 18, 1860–tf.

ENVELOPES—
By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

HOOP SKIRTS with from 4 to 30 hoops, at prices from 25 cts. to $2,00 at the cheap store of D. P. GWIN.

LADIES Collars, very cheap and beautiful, at D. P. GWIN'S.

A Splendid variety of Carpets, only 25 cts. per yard. FISHER & SON.

HARRISBURG STONE-WARE!!!
Crocks, Jugs, Preserve Jars &c., &c., of superior quality. Sold only by JAMES A. BROWN

D. P. GWIN keeps the largest, best assortment and cheapest shoes in town. Call and examine them.

HOOPED SKIRTS worth 2 50 will be sold for $1 25 at the cheap store of FISHER & SON.

IF you want handsome Goods, good Goods, cheap Goods, and all kind of Goods, goto D. P. GWIN'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

BOOTS & SHOES, Hats & Caps, the largest assortment and cheapest to be found at D. P. GWIN'S

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

DARK Colored Palm Hoods, best quality, only 50 cts. each. FISHER & SON.

COAL OIL & COAL OIL LAMPS, for 75 cents and upwards, at the Hardware Store of J. A. BROWN.

MICA LAMP CHIMNEYS—
Just received at the hardware store of JAS. A. BROWN.

D. P. GWIN'S is the place to buy good and cheap Carpets.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicinal purposes at S. S. SMITH'S.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
IN THE DIAMOND,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

VALENTINE CROUSE, Proprietor.

The citizens of the county, and strangers and travelers generally, will find comfortable accommodations at this house. Give us a trial. [April 4, 1860.]

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,

NEAR PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
Huntingdon, April 10, 1861.

CONFECTIONERIES of the very best, at MILLER'S.

THE best display and largest variety of all kinds of Goods, can always be found at the cheap store of FISHER & SON

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
LEWIS' BOOK, AND STATIONERY STORE.

SALT! SALT!! SALT!!!
Just received from the Onondago Salt Company, Syracuse, N. Y., to be sold on commission, either wholesale or retail, 200 BARRELS and 1000 SACKS of SALT.
Oct. 31, 1860. FISHER & SON.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CALL at the new CLOTHING STORE of GUTMAN & CO., if you want a good article of Clothing. Store room in Long's new building, in the Diamond, Huntingdon. Sept. 9, 1857.

HOMES FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS

IN THE

GARDEN STATE OF THE WEST.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company have for Sale

1,200,000 ACRES

Of Rich Farming Lands in Tracts of Forty Acres and Upward, on Long Credit and at Low Prices.

MECHANICS, FARMERS, AND WORKINGMEN.

The attention of the enterprising and industrious portion of the community is directed to the following statements and liberal inducements offered them by the

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,

Which, as they will perceive, will enable them, by proper energy, perseverance, and industry, to provide comfortable and permanent homes for themselves and families, with, comparatively speaking, very little capital.

LANDS OF ILLINOIS.

No State in the valley of the Mississippi offers so great an inducement *to the settler as the State of Illinois.*—There is no portion of the world where all of the conditions of climate and soil so admirably combine to produce those two great staples, corn and wheat, as the prairies of Illinois.

RICH ROLLING PRAIRIE LANDS.

The deep rich loam of the prairies is cultivated with such wonderful facility that the farmers of the Eastern and Middle States are moving to Illinois in great numbers. The area of Illinois is about equal to that of England, and the soil is so rich that it will support twenty millions of people.

EASTERN AND SOUTHERN MARKETS.

These lands are contiguous to a railroad seven hundred miles in length, which connects with other roads and navigable lakes and rivers, thus affording an unbroken communication with the Eastern and Southern markets.

APPLICATION OF CAPITAL.

Thus far capital and labor have been applied to developing the soil; the great resources of the State in coal and iron are almost untouched. The invariable rule that the mechanic arts flourish best where food and fuel are cheapest, will follow at an early day in Illinois, and in the course of the next ten years the natural laws and necessities of the case warrant the belief that at least five hundred thousand people will be engaged in the State of Illinois in the various manufacturing employments.

RAILROAD SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS.

Over $100,000,000 of private capital have been expended on the railroad system of Illinois. Inasmuch as part of the income from several of these works, with a valuable public fund in lands, go to diminish the State expenses, the taxes are light, and must consequently every day decrease.

THE STATE DEBT.

The State debt is only $10,105,398 14, and within the last three years has been reduced $2,959,746 80; and we may reasonably expect that in ten years it will become extinct.

PRESENT POPULATION.

The State is rapidly filling up with population; 868,025 persons having been added since 1850, making the population 1,719 496—a ratio of 102 per cent. in ten years.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

The agricultural products of Illinois are greater than those of any other State. The products sent out during the past year exceeded 1,600,000 tons. The wheat crop of 1860 approaches 35,000,000 bushels, while the corn crop yields not less than 140,000,000 bushels.

FERTILITY OF SOIL.

Nowhere can the industrious farmer secure such immediate results for his labor as upon these prairie soils, they being composed of a deep rich loam, the fertility of which is unsurpassed by any on the globe.

TO ACTUAL CULTIVATORS.

Since 1854 the Company have sold 1,300,000 acres. They sell only to actual cultivators, and every contract contains an agreement to cultivate. The road has been constructed through these lands at an expense of $30,000,000. In 1850, the population of the 49 counties through which it passes was only 335,598, since which 479,293 have been added, making the whole population 814,891—a gain of 143 per cent.

EVIDENCES OF PROSPERITY.

As an evidence of the thrift of the people, it may be stated that 600,000 tons of freight, including 8,600,000 bus. of grain and 250,000 barrels of flour, were forwarded over the line last year.

EDUCATION.

Mechanics and workingmen will find the free school system encouraged by the State and endowed with a large revenue for the support of schools. Their children can live in sight of the church and school house, and grow up with the prosperity of the leading state in the Great Western Empire.

PRICES AND TERMS OF PAYMENT.

The prices of these lands vary from $6 to $25 per acre, according to location, quality, &c. First-class farming lands sell for about $10 or $12 per acre; and the relative expense of subduing prairie land, as compared with woodland, is in the ratio of one to ten in favor of the former. The terms of sale for the bulk of these lands will be

ONE YEAR'S INTEREST IN ADVANCE,

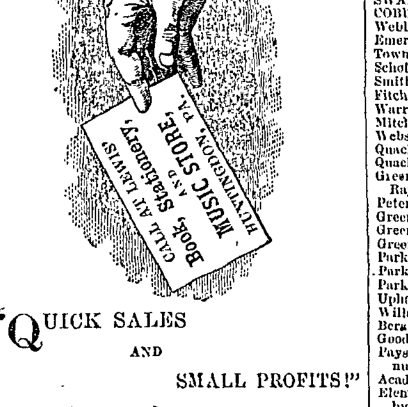
at six per cent per annum, and six interest notes at six per cent, payable respectively in one, two, three, four, five, and six years from date of sale; and four notes for principal, payable in four, five, six, and seven years, from date of sale; the contract stipulating that one-tenth of the tract purchased shall be fenced and cultivated, each and every year for five years from the date of sale, so that at the end of five years one-half shall be fenced and under cultivation.

TWENTY PER CENT. WILL BE DEDUCTED.

from the valuation for cash, except the same should be at six dollars per acre, when the cash price will be $5 dollars.

Pamphlets descriptive of the lands, soil, climate, productions, prices, and terms of payment, can be had on application to J. W. FOSTER,
Land Commissioner, Illinois Central Railroad,
Chicago, Illinois.

For the names of the towns, villages, and cities situated upon the Illinois Central Railroad, see pages 188, 189, and 190 Appleton's Railway Guide. [Feb. 13, '61–wtf.



"QUICK SALES

AND

SMALL PROFITS!"

Anybody in want of

FAMILY AND POCKET BIBLES,

HYMN AND PRAYER BOOKS,

ALBUMS AND ANNUALS,

OR

ANY OTHER VALUABLE AND INTERESTING BOOK,

Fancy and School

STATIONERY,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CHURCH MUSIC AND INSTRUCTION BOOKS,

SHEET MUSIC for the Piano, Guitar, &c., &c.,

POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONNAIES AND PURSES,

For Ladies and Gentlemen,

GOLD PENS AND PENCILS,

AWARD CARDS AND BOOKS,

For Sunday and Common Schools,

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS OF ALL KINDS,

TOY BOOKS, ALPHABET BLOCKS, &C.,

ALL KINDS OF BOOKS

Proper for Boys and Girls.

AMUSING GAMES

For Young Folks.

WEDDING ENVELOPES AND CARDS,

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES,

VISITING CARDS,

CHECKER BOARDS, DOMINOES, &C.,

CONVERSATION CARDS,

SONG BOOKS,

From 6 to 75 cents.

BLANK BOOKS,

Memorandum Books of Various Sizes,

SCHOOL BOOKS OF ALL KINDS,

DIARIES FOR 1860.

Drawing and Blotting Paper, Bristol and Card Boards,

WHITE BONNET BOARD,

INDELIBLE, CARMINE, RED, BLUE AND BLACK INKS,

Arnold's Hodgson's and Harrison's

WRITING FLUID.

Wrapping Paper of Different Sizes and Qualities,

&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

SHOULD CALL AT

LEWIS'

CHEAP BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE,

In the "Globe" building, Market Square,

where all who want to

SAVE MONEY,

go to make their purchases.

IF you want Carpets and Oil Cloths, call at D. P. GWIN'S, where you will find the largest assortment in town.

GREAT WORK ON THE HORSE.

THE HORSE & HIS DISEASES

BY ROBERT JENNINGS, V. S.,

Professor of Pathology and Operative Surgery in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia, etc., etc.

WILL TELL YOU Of the Origin, History and distinctive traits of the various breeds of European, Asiatic, African and American Horses, with the physical formation and peculiarities of the animal, and how to ascertain his age by the number and condition of his teeth; illustrated with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of Breeding, Breaking, Stabling, Feeding, Grooming, Shoeing, and the general management of the horse, with the best modes of administering medicine, also, how to treat *Biting, Kicking,* Rearing, Shying, Stumbling, Crib-Biting, Restlessness, and other vices to which he is subject; with numerous explanatory engravings.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Strangles, Sore Throat, Distemper, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Broken Wind, Chronic Cough, Roaring and Whistling, Lampas, Sore Mouth and Ulcers, and Decayed Teeth, with other diseases of the Mouth and Respiratory Organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Worms, Bots, Cholic, Strangulation, Stony Concretions, Ruptures, Palsy, Diarrhea, Jaundice, Hepatirrhea, Bloody Urine, Stones in the Kidneys and Bladder, Inflammation and other diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Urinary Organs.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of the causes, *symptoms, and Treatment* of Bone, Blood and Bog, Spavin, Ring Bone, Sweenie, Strains, Broken Knees, Wind Galls, Founder, Cracked Hoofs, Sole Bruise and Gravel, Canker, Scratches, Thrush and Corns; also, of Megrims, Vertigo, Epilepsy, Staggers, and other diseases of the Feet, Legs, and Head.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of the causes, symptoms, and Treatment of Fistula, Poll Evil, Glanders, Farcy, Scarlet Fever, Mange, Surfeit, Locked Jaw, Rheumatism, Cramp, Galls, Diseases of the Eye and Heart, &c., &c., and how to manage Castration, Bleeding, Trephining, Roweling, Firing, Hernia, Amputation, Tapping, and other surgical operations.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES

WILL TELL YOU Of Rarey's Method of taming Horses; how to Approach, Halter, or Stable a Colt; how to accustom a horse to strange sounds and sights, and how to Bit, Saddle, Ride, and Break him to Harness; also the form and law of WARRANTY. The whole being the result of 15 years' careful study of the habits, peculiarities, wants and weaknesses of this noble and useful animal.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES,
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES,
THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES,
A VALUABLE BOOK,

For sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER,
EVERYBODY'S LAWYER,
EVERYBODY'S LAWYER,
A VALUABLE BOOK,

For sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR,
THE FAMILY DOCTOR,
THE FAMILY DOCTOR,
A VALUABLE BOOK,

For sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

LONGSTRETH ON THE HONEY BEE,
LONGSTRETH ON THE HONEY BEE,
LONGSTRETH ON THE HONEY BEE,
A VALUABLE BOOK,

For sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

DOWNING on FRUIT and FRUIT TREES,
DOWNING on FRUIT and FRUIT TREES,
DOWNING on FRUIT and FRUIT TREES,
A VALUABLE BOOK,

For sale at LEWIS' Book Store.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

OSGOOD'S Speller, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers.
M'GUFFEY'S Speller and Readers, (old and new editions.)
SANDER'S do do do
SWAN'S do do do
COBB'S do do do
Webb's Normal Reader, No. 1.
Emerson's Readers.
Town's Speller and Definer, (old and new editions.)
Scholar's Companion.
Smith's, Bullion's, Brown's and Tower's Grammars.
Fitch's Physical Geography.
Warren's Physical Geography.
Mitchell's, Monteith and McNally's Geographies & Atlases.
Webster's and Worcester's Dictionaries.
Quackenbos' First Lessons in Composition.
Quackenbo's Composition and Rhetoric.
Greenleaf's, Stoddard's, Emmerson's, Swan's, Colburn's and Ray's Arithmetics.
Peterson's Familiar Science.
Greenleaf's and Stoddard's Keys to Arithmetics.
Greenleaf's and Davies' Algebras.
Greenleaf's Key to Algebra.
Parker's Juvenile Philosophy.
Parker's First Lessons in Natural Philosophy.
Parker's Philosophy.
Upham's Mental Philosophy.
Willard's History of the United States.
Berard's " " " "
Goodrich's " " " "
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's Penmanship, in eleven numbers.
Academical, Controllers' and other Copy Books.
Elements of Map Drawing, with plan for sketching maps by tri-angulation and improved methods of projection.
Davies' Elementary Geometry and Trigonometry.
Davies' Legendre's Geometry.
Fulton & Eastman's Book-keeping.
Book Keeping by Single Entry, by Hanaford & Payson
Book Keeping by Single and Double Entry, by Hanaford & Payson.
Other books will be added and furnished to order.
A full stock of School Stationery always on hand.
Huntingdon, Pa.

R. NEWELL'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

No. 724 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

One of the largest and most complete Galleries in the States, where the best Pictures, known to the Photographic art, are taken at prices no higher than are paid for miserable caricatures.

The Proprietor, a practical Photographer, attends personally, every sitting—and allows no picture to leave the Gallery unless it gives perfect satisfaction.

Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes, of absent or deceased friends, photographed to any required size, or taken on Canvass, life size, and painted in Oil by the best Artists.

At this Gallery pictures can be taken in any weather—as perfect in cloudy days as when the sun shines.

Persons visiting the city are respectfully invited to examine our specimens, which for price and quality defy competition.

Instructions given in the art of Photography.
R. NEWELL,
GALLERY OF ART,
724 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

COMMENDATIONS:

From Hon. Lewis D. Campbell, M. C., Ohio.

My family and friends all concur in the opinion that the (Newell) picture is more life-like than any thing they ever saw. My likeness has been repeatedly taken by different Artists in various ways, but I have never yet had one which presents so true to nature, all the features and expressions of countenance as this.

From Hon. E. Joy Morris, late Minister to Italy.

The exquisite finish, beauty and softness of your portraits, conjoined with their durability of color and faithfulness as likenesses, cannot fail to commend them to the attention and patronage of all who appreciate true art.

From Col. James Page.

Having occasion for a portrait, I procured one from Mr. Robert Newell, of the city of Philadelphia, a miniature in Oil Colors, *under the new process discovered by him,* and take great pleasure in expressing the satisfaction given me, not only by the accuracy of the likeness, but its artistic finish in all respects, and recommends him to the patronage of those disposed to encourage the beautiful art.
Nov. 28, 1860 JAS. PAGE.

OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADES,

GILT GOLD SHADES,

MUSLIN SHADES,

BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

TAPE, CORD AND TASSALS,

A FULL ASSORTMENT

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

COME TO THE NEW STORE FOR CHEAP BARGAINS.

NEW GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY

C. LONG Informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he has opened a new Grocery and Confectionery Store in the basement, under Gutman & Co.'s Clothing Store, in the Diamond, and would most respectfully request a share of public patronage. His stock consists of all kinds of the

BEST GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERIES, &c., &c.

Fish can be had at wholesale or retail.

ICE CREAM will be furnished regularly to parties and individuals, at his room.
Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1860.

COAL BUCKETS and Shovels, for sale by JAMES A. BROWN.

NEW BOOKS!

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

THE HOUSE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Rural Architecture; or, How to Build Dwellings, Barns, Stables, and Out Dwellings of all kinds. With a Chapter on Churches and School-Houses. Price, 50 cents.

THE GARDEN: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Horticulture; or, How to Cultivate Vegetables, Fruits, and Flowers. With a Chapter on Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. Price, 50 cents.

THE FARM: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Agriculture; or, How to Cultivate all the Field Crops. With an Essay on Farm Management, etc. Price, 50 cents.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry; or, How to Breed and Rear the Various Tenants of the Barn-yard, etc., etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO TALK: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Conversation and Debate, with Directions for Acquiring a Grammatical Style, and more than Five Hundred Common Mistakes Corrected. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO BEHAVE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Republican Etiquette, and Guide to Correct Personal Habits; with Rules for Debating Societies and Deliberative Assemblies, etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO DO BUSINESS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Affairs and Guide to success in Life; with a Collection of Business Forms, and a Dictionary of Commercial Terms, etc. Price, 50 cents.

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PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
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ROHRER'S PRACTICAL CALCULATOR,

A Book of Plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operations, by Martin M. Rohrer, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition, published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

This work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly practical, such as arise every day in the common pursuits of Business. It has already passed through a number of editions in rapid succession, and is pronounced by all classes of business men to be the handiest book of reference, pertaining to calculations, that has ever been published.

Every example in the book is worked out in full and stated in a plain manner, so that when a parallel case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in solving it; in a word, the general arrangement of the CALCULATOR is simple, that any one who knows how to add, subtract multiply and divide, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the true result of any estimate required.

The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men care little about spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules, or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able at a moment, by reference, to arrive at the true result. The CALCULATOR differs in this respect from all other Arithmetics of the day and kindred works—it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathematical works in the hands of the teacher in the school room—it facilitates time and insures correctness.

THE WORK TREATS OF THE

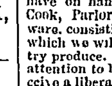
Measurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick Work, of Stone and Stone work, of grain and grain bins, of coal and coal bins, of wood, of solids, of liquids, of circular, square or irregular vessels, of cisterns and vats, of roofing, of plasterer's, painter's, glazier's, paver's, plumber's, paper hanger's and upholsterers' work. It treats of currency and of foreign and domestic exchange, of the decimal system, of reduction and its extended application to business, of simple and compound interest, and their entire application to business transactions, with the laws and usages governing the same, together with numerous commercial forms—of legal tender, of partial payment on notes, of banking and bank discount, of equation of payment and of partnership accounts, of assessment of taxes, of weights and measures, of square and cubic measure, of the square root and its application to business of surfaces, of excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.

IT IS JUST THE BOOK FOR THE

Farmer, the merchant, the mechanic, the artizan, or the professional man. It has proven a valuable auxiliary to the lawyer, the justice of the peace, the conveyancer, and real estate broker, to the assessor, the banker, the clerk, to the civil engineer and the surveyor, to the carpenter and bricklayer, to the stonemason and the plasterer, to the paper hanger and upholsterer, to the paver and the tiler, &c., &c.; each and all will find it adapted to their various wants better than any book published.

Price, 50 cents. For sale at Lewis' Book Store.
Huntingdon, Dec. 26, 1860.

THE HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY IN BLAST AGAIN!—The subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that



they have rebuilt the Huntingdon Foundry, and are now in successful operation, and are prepared to furnish Castings of every description, of best quality and workmanship, on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Farmers are invited to call and examine our Ploughs. We are manufacturing the Hunter Plough. This plough took the first premium at the Huntingdon county Agricultural Fair last fall. Also, Hunter's celebrated Cutter Ploughs, which can't be beat—together with the Keystone, Hillside and Bar-shear ploughs. We have on hand and are manufacturing Stoves—such as Cook, Parlor, and Office stoves for wood or coal. Hollow ware, consisting of Kettles, Boilers, Skillets, &c., all of which we will sell cheap for cash or in exchange for country produce. Old metal taken for castings. By a strict attention to business, and a desire to please, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
Huntingdon, April 30, 1856.

WILLIAM AFRICA

HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING;

ONE DOOR EAST OF H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE.

His old customers and the public generally, will give him a call. [Huntingdon, Oct. 20, 1858.]

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.—

NEW FIRM!

The undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have purchased the ALEXANDRIA BREWERY and will continue the business, and endeavor to give general satisfaction.

All orders will be promptly attended to.
WM. ROTHROCK,
Alexandria, Feb. 22, 1860. WM. N. KIRBY.

THE PEOPLE'S COOK BOOK.

MODERN COOKERY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

BY

MISS ELIZA ACTON.

Carefully Revised by Mr. J. S. Hale.

IT TELLS YOU How to choose all kinds of Meats, Poultry, and Game, with all the various and most approved modes of dressing and cooking Beef and Pork; also the best and simplest way of salting, pickling and curing the same.

IT TELLS YOU All the various and most approved modes of dressing, cooking, and boning Mutton, Lamb, Veal, Poultry, and game of all kinds with the different Dressings, Gravies, and Stuffings appropriate to each.

IT TELLS YOU How to choose, clean, and preserve Fish of all kinds, and how to sweeten it when tainted; also all the various and most approved modes of cooking, with the different Dressings, Sauces, and Flavorings appropriate to each.

IT TELLS YOU All the various and most approved modes of preparing over 50 kinds of Meat, Fish, Fowl, Game, and Vegetable Soups, Broths, and Stews, with the Relishes and Seasonings appropriate to each.

IT TELLS YOU All the various and most approved modes of cooking Vegetables of every description, also how to prepare Pickles, Catsups and Curries of all kinds, Potted Meats, Fish, Game, Mushrooms, &c.

IT TELLS YOU All the various and most approved modes of preparing and cooking all kinds of Plain and Fancy Pastry, Puddings, Omelettes, Fritters, Cakes, Confectionary, Preserves, Jellies, and Sweet Dishes of every description.

IT TELLS YOU All the various and most approved modes of making Bread, Rusks, Muffins, and Biscuit, and the best method of preparing Coffee, Chocolate, and Tea, and how to make Syrups, Cordials, and Wines of various kinds.

IT TELLS YOU How to set out and ornament a Table, how to Carve all kinds of Fish, Flesh or Fowl, and in short, how to so simplify the whole Art of Cooking as to bring the choicest luxuries of the table within the everybody's reach.

For Sale at Lewis' Book Store.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Flat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,
For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER

White and Colored Card Paper,

For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

AGENTS
Can make from $3.00 to $5.00 per day selling our variety envelopes.
COLEMAN & CO.,
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